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Retail Warerooms-95, 97 & 99 N. Penn. St. Ask to hear the Æolian.

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Come in for a look-see the cloths - acquaint yourself with the fabrics for gentlemen's dress upon which Fashion has set her approval.

The assortment you'll find here is not merely complete, it is selected. We welcome you-any time-all the time.

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Is as complete as can be gotten to-gether, and as handsome as is made. Part of the prices:

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Special Ladies' Glove......\$1.00 Special Men's Glove .......\$1.00 Sent by mail postpaid.



#### AS A CONFEDERATION

FOUR SCHOOLS SIGN ARTICLES FOR THE NEW UNIVERSITY.

They Include Medical College of Indiana, Butler, Dental College and Law School.

The University of Indianapolis is an assured fact. It virtually sprang into existence yesterday afternoon, elthough the details of the plans under which it shall be founded yet remain to be agreed upon. Representatives of the Medical College of Indiana, Butler College, the Indiana Dental College and the Indiana Law School signed articles of confederation, which are to bind the different institutions together until the confederation is superseded by a corporation, which will be organized immediately, under the voluntary association laws of the State.

Under the plans agreed upon yesterday,

representatives of the colleges named will proceed to organize a corporation, which will be the central body. Each of the schools which have entered the federation will maintain their autonomy, control their own financial affairs, select their own faculties, retain control of their property and be generally independent of the university. On the other hand, diplomas will be granted by the regents or senate of the university upon the recommendation of the faculties of the different colleges. Students in the several institutions will at the same time enjoy all the privileges accorded students in large universities throughout the world, and will be permitted to attend the lectures, have access to the libraries of each of the other colleges and derive all the benefits not now generally found in the colleges. It is proposed that catalogues shall be sent out as emanating from the University of Indianapolis for the coming school year, and after this year diplomas will be issued by the university instead of by

the separate institutions. Ultimately it will be the purpose of the university to acquire a large tract of land, convenient to the city, where the different schools may be grouped together as one large, imposing institution of learning. The prevailing opinion of the members of the advisory committee seems to be that people of public spirit in the city will donate the land necessary for a site, or give money for its purchase, but it is agreed that this question

purchase, but it is agreed that this question shall be postponed for the present. It is thought that no legal complications can prevent the university from getting upon a legal status forthwith, and the committee of five, apppointed at the last meeting of the advisory committee to draft plans, was instructed to draft articles of association in accordance with the plan outlined above. Every one interested in the undertaking agrees that action should be taken at once, in order that catalogues for the coming school year may be sent out under the auspices of the unversity. John R. Wilson, chairman of the subcommittee, submitted a report to the school committee, composed of representatives of the four colleges named, recommending the formation of a temporary confederation, upon the following basis:

THE AGREEMENT. THE AGREEMENT. "This agreement, made on this 9th day of

March, 1896, by and between Butler College, party of the first part, the Medical College of Indiana, party of the second part, the Indiana Dental College, party of the third part, the Indiana Law School, party of the fourth part, each of said institutions being duly incorporated and located in or near the city of Indianapolis, State of Indiana, witnesseth,

"Whereas, The union of the collegiate in-terests of Indianapolis, looking to one great school commensurate with the city's importance is desirable; and, "Whereas, There ought to be co-operation at this juncture in aid of such an end; and, "Whereas, Such an end under existing con-ditions can be better accomplished by an as-sociation or confederation of the abovenamed parties, each preserving its autonomy, the control and ownership of its property, but looking ultimately to a consolidation upon

terms to be hereafter ascertained;
"Now, therefore, It is agreed by and between said parties aforesaid that each of said
named parties shall nominate and appoint a representative upon a committee or board consisting of four persons; that said board shall have the power to send out advertisements in the form of circulars concerning said existing institutions with reference to the work of the same during the approaching

the work of the same during the approaching school year."

The report was approved and signed by Hilton U. Brown, representing Butler College; J. W. Marsee, of the Medical College of Indiana; H. S. Hicks, of the Indiana Dental College, and W. P. Fishback, representing the Indiana Law School. By taking this action the colleges have formed the foundation for a large university, and there seems to be no question but that the art and music schools will ally themselves with the confederation within a short time. The committee appointed to confer with the art and music schools asked for further time.

Considerable discussion marked the proceedings of the advisory committee yester-

Considerable discussion marked the proceedings of the advisory committee yesterday. While the representatives of the different colleges have agreed from the outset that the formation of a university would redound to the credit of all the schools and the city at large, considering the magnitude of the undertaking, yet there has been some trouble in arrriving at a common point of understanding. The subcommittee of five suggested the formation of a corporation, with a capital stock, having in view the ultimate merging of the colleges into a university. Dr. Oliver and Dr. Marsee, on behalf of the Medical College of Indiana, asserted that their school would oppose any plan that would ever deprive oppose any plan that would ever deprive the college of its autonomy and individual ity. Dr. Marsee said that the college would ity. Dr. Marsee said that the college would insist upon having reserved to it the right to appoint its own faculty. The Medical College of Indiana, he said, could not be presumed to have sufficient practical knowledge of law that would make it feasible for it to dictate who should be appointed members of the faculty of the law school, nor would it be possible for the law school to appoint teachers for the medical and dental colleges. Then, again, he said, the medical college would never consent to part with its property and rights and turn part with its property and rights and turn its money into the hands of the university for the purpose of supporting the whole. From similar expressions made by others,

Dr. Marsee's utterances seemed to express the general views of the different colleges. BISHOP WHITE'S VIEWS. Bishop White, who has been asked to become a member of the advisory committee, inquired if it would be possible under the laws of the State to form a university similar to those of Oxford and Cambridge. He explained fully the operation of Oxford University, which, he said, was simply composed of groups of colleges assembled together under a form of government which preserved to them their autonomy, and which yet brought them under the control of the regents of the university. Some of the colleges were very rich, while others were poor. No college was required to contribute to the support of the others, yet all enjoyed the mutual advantages which attend a confederation. Upon the recommendation of the faculties of the difrecommendation of the faculties of the dif-ferent colleges the regents of the university awarded diplomas. When a specific en-dowment was made to one particular col-lege, that college received the money for its own use. Money bequeathed to the univer-sity was expended by the regents as to them seemed best. Bishop White was in-formed that such a plan could be followed under the laws of this State without diffi-culty. He said that, in his estimation, one of the greatest benefits to be derived from the formation of a university would be lost of the greatest benefits to be derived from the formation of a university would be lost if the buildings of the different coffeges remained scattered over the city. The university would gain in dignity and importance, he thought, if the colleges and schools were grouped together. So long as the colleges were isolated from each other students would be debarrred, to a great extent, from the benefits that would otherwise accrue to them. It would hardly be practicable, he thought, for students attending one college to hear lectures in other buildings as long as they were remote from one another. It was suggested that from one another. It was suggested that with the rapid transit facilities of the city this obstacle would amount to but little, and it was also said that it would probably be an easy matter to have the professors in the different colleges deliver lectures at some place that would be accessible to all

As a possible solution of the question of forming a corporation with a capital stock, Dr. P. H. Jameson, chairman of the admmittee, said that Butler Univervisory committee, said that Butler University had a charter already broad enough to answer all purposes, and that a large portion of its authorized capital stock had never been bought. He thought possibly it would be well for the different colleges to acquire this stock. The name could be easily changed to that of the University of Indianapolis. Dr. Jameson said that he mere-

ly suggested that idea for consideration. The same objection, it was shown, would attach to that plan as to the formation of a new stock corporation, and it was not

GENERAL HARRISON CONSENTS. Several speakers said that the practical suggestions made by Bishop White had materially helped to dispel the clouds. The matter of drafting articles of association, following the general plan outlined by him, was referred back to the subcommittee composed of John R. Wilson, Rev. M. L. Haines, Byron K. Elliot, Allen Fletcher and C. R. Williams, with instructions to report at the next meeting. W. P. Fishback said that the committee intrusted with the luty of nominating three additional members to the advisory committee had taken the liberty to increase the number to four. Yesterday afternoon he interviewed ex-President Harrison and requested him to become a member of the committee. General Harrison expressed himself as favoring the idea of founding a university and said that he would serve on the committee with pleasin addition to that of Benjamin Harrison, were Rev. N. A. Hyde, Bishop J. H. White and D. P. Erwin. Chairman P. H. Jameson suggested that the daily press should be represented on the committee and the following were chosen to represent the papers: Jacob Dunn, of the Sentinel; F. L. Purdy, of the Sun, and H. S. New, of the Journal. The advisory committee adjourned to meet next Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, when the articles of association will be reported

#### MORTON MEN DEPART

THEY HAVE MET POLITICIANS FROM EVERY PART OF THE STATE.

What They Think They Accomplished -The Republican Primaries in Allen County.

National Committeeman Sutherland, D. S. Alexander and Col. Archie Baxter, who have been here since last Friday in the interest of Levi P. Morton, of New York, for President, returned to New York last night. During yesterday the New York people were in consultation at different times with a number of leaders from various parts of the State, who had been summoned here. Colonel Alexander said last evening, just before the departure of himself and asso-

ciates, that they had accomplished as much as they probably could if they were to remain a month, and they did not desire to stay long enough to make themselves obnoxious. While here the visitors saw Republicans from every district in the Stat As a result of the representations they have made, Colonel Alexander said he believed that all the delegates from Indiana would go to the St. Louis convention uninstructed, except possibly the delegates from the Eighth and Eleventh districts. These are the districts now represented in Congress by Charles L. Henry and Major Steele. They embrace the Indiana gas belt, in which the State's greatest glass, iron and other manufacturing enterprises are located and where the demand for a high

protective tariff is most pronounced. From expressions gathered from Republicans about the hotels last night, the impression seems to prevail that the New York people have accomplished but little Their representations may have the effect to prevent the pledging of delegates to Mc-Kinley.

Kinley.

Col. R. S. Robertson, of Fort Wayne, who was in the city yesterday, says there is a disposition on the part of Republicans of Allen county to resent the methods by which R. T. McDonald appears to have captured a majority of the Allen county delegates to the convention of the Twelfth district on the 19th, which is to select delegates to the St. Louis convention. There was a tacit agreement that the candidate who got most of the Allen county votes should have the united support of the county in the convention. If this agreement is carried out McDonald will be one of the delegates, because one of them is of the delegates, because one of them is conceded to Allen. Colonel Robertson charges that the followers of McDonald voted more Democrats than they did Republicans, and that the result, as declared est of harmony and good feeling the de-feated element may not raise this issue, but that remains yet to be decided. One of the candidates represented in Saturday's primaries was C. D. Law, a division superintendent of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago railroad. The Republicans of Allen county will present his name to the Republican State convention as a candidate

for delegate at large. -Political Notes. Ambrose Moore, member of the State com-mittee from the Ninth district, was in the

city last evening. Fountain county held her convention last Saturday for the election of delegates to the listrict, congressional and State conventi State Committeeman Moore presided. All but two of the delegates to the congressional convention, which meets at Crawfordsville April 7, are for the nomination of Charles B. Landis, of Delphi, for Congress.

Captain David E. Beem, of Spencer, Ind., will be a candidate before the approaching Republican State convention for the nomination for Judge of the Appellate Court from the First district. Captain Beem is the first candidate thus far mentioned from this dis-trict. He is a lawyer of acknowledged abil-ity. His soldier record will commend him to a Republican convention, he having served as a captain in the Fourteenth Indiana Regi-

CHARGES AGAINST COLBERT Private Detective Makes Complaint Against Him.

Homer O. Steele, a private detective, has prepared a complaint against Superintendent Colbert, which he will present to the Board of Safety. It is addressed to the board and the Mayor. It states that last Thursday, after he had investigated an alleged theft, Mrs. Helen M. Van Dake filed an affidavit and Police Judge Cox issued a warrant for the arrest of Malcolm McLaren and others on a charge of grand larceny. The warrant was placed in Colbert's hands and he refused to allow a member of the police force to serve it, saying he had detectives to do such work and they would make arrests when necessary. On account of the refusal of Mr. Colbert to allow the warrants to be served all but two of the persons charged escaped, it is claimed. These two were arrested on warrants sworn out in a justice of the peace court. Steele asks the justice of the peace court. Steele asks the board to investigate these charges. Superintendent Colbert says that when Mrs. Van Dake called to see him about the alleged robberies at her house he sent fficers to investigate the case. Afterwards. before they had had time to take action she called a private detective. Upon learning this fact, the superintendent says he reused to have anything further to do with the case. He says that he never has and never will allow the police force to be in any wise associated with the so-called private detectives, with which the town is overrun. He says that many of the private detectives resort to underhand methods and enstantly attack the methods of the police department for the sake of receiving free ad-

The Court Angry at the Time. While ex-Judge Stubbs was on the police bench he sent Noah Russell to the workhouse for 180 days for stealing \$5 worth of cloth from Maguire's dry goods store, Besides the workhouse penalty Russell was fined \$500. Yesterday the ex-Judge called at the clerk's office and said he would like to rectify the mistake he believed he had made in Russell's case. He was angry, he said, at the time, and now regretted his severe action. With the consent of Judge Cox a release was secured for Russell, who has now served 365 days.

Against Sunday Ball. The Epworth League, of the Californiastreet M. E. Church, last night adopted resolutions, petitioning the Mayor, prosecuting attorney and the city officials, asking them to see that the Sunday baseball law is enforced within the four-mile limit of police jurisdiction. The resolutions are police jurisdiction. The resolutions are signed by President Frank H. Dickson and Secretary Anna E. Potts.

Canavan with Providence. Canavan, of last year's Indianapolis team, as been signed by the Providence, R. I.

BUNCO IN A NEW FORM

COUNTRY YOUTH WHO DEPOSITED \$100 FOR "SECURITY."

Swindler Told Him He Was to Be Collector at Eldridge's Lumber Yard.

E. H. Eldridge, lumber merchant, at No 166 South New Jersey street, was at his desk yesterday morning when a young man stepped up and announced that he was ready to begin work. Mr. Eldridge did not understand the declaration of his visitor, and, consequently, wondered if the young man expected to be put on the books or out in the

"I have no work for you," answered Mr. "Is this not Eldridge's lumber yard?" asked

the young man, his face turning pale.

employed no one recently.' "That is strange," replied the innocent young man. "I gave a man \$100 and he said I was to be a collector down here. Why, he showed me all about the place." "Let us hear about it," asked Mr. Eld-

"Well, I came to Indianapolis hunting for work, and I had some money with me. I saw an advertisement in the News for young man with \$100 to take a responsible position. I met the man at the Bates House, and he said a young man was wanted as collector at the Eldridge lumber yard. He said I must deposit \$100 with him as security for my honesty. I was promised a good salary. Saturday he brought me down here and showed me the mill and then took me out in the yard. I liked the looks of the place and accepted the job. Wasn't he the owner of this place?" "He was not," answered Mr. Eldridge

We transact our business from the office and not from a hotel. You ought to have thought and telephoned the company to see f a man was wanted." "I never thought of such a thing," replied the young man fresh in the city. "He was a nice-looking man and a good talker, and I never dreamt he was robbing me." The young man could hardly realize that his hundred dollars was gone, and he had little hope of an occupation. He did not wait to leave his name, saying he was going to find the man who had robbed him, but he has

WILL NOT ALLOW ANY EXTRAS.

Council Committee Against the Indexing Ordinance. The Council finance committee decided last night that it would not recommend the ordinance granting to Lee Nixon, ex-city clerk, the sum of \$300 for indexing the Council oceedings. The same ordinance provided for paying the present city clerk a sum his term of office. It was argued by the members of the committee that the salary of the city clerk is sufficient to pay him for all the work of the office, and even if not, it is fixed by statute and cannot be changed by the Council. The members of the committee think the work of indexing the Council proceedings for publication is as much a part of the work of the clerk as keeping the record and that he should have no extra pay for it. There was some talk of introducing an ordinance to protalk of introducing an ordinance to pro-hibit the full payment of the clerk's salary until this work is done in the future.

Contract for a Local Sewer. Bids were received yesterday by the Board of Works for two improvements. For a local sewer in Vermont street, near East, the bids were as follows: Capital Paving and Construction Company, \$1.18 a foot; Daniel Foley, \$1.13; Indiana Construction Company, \$1.08; R. P. Dunning, \$1.05; Wil-liam Bossert, 98 cents; Gansberg & Roney, 97 cents. The contract was awarded to Gansberg & Roney.

For building a fire cistern at Washington street and Senate avenue and one at Illinois and Merrill streets, the Capital Paving and Construction Company bid \$563 for both and James E. Twiname bid \$550. All bids

were rejected. Resolutions Adopted. The following improvement resolutions vere adopted by the Board of Works yester-

For brick walks on Minerva street, from New York street to the second alley south. For a local sewer in Morris street and the first alley north, with branches in other streets and alleys. The total length will be For a local sewer in Sullivan street, from Bismarck to McCarty; length, 327 feet. For a brick walk on the south side of Henry street, from Senate avenue to Mis-For bowldering the first alley east of State avenue, from Carter to Koller street.

No Increase for Webster. The statement that an effort is being made to have Chief Webster, of the fire department, resign and then be reappointed at a salary of \$2,000, an increase of \$500, was news at the office of the Board of Works yesterday. Although it was said that the increased salary should really be paid to Mr. Webster, it was added that nothing had been done looking to that end. It would require an appropriation by the Council to increase the salary at the present time, the appropriations for this purpose having been fixed at the time the regular annual appro-

priation ordinance was passed. A New Broom Sweeps Clean. W. M. Arnold, the new milk and dairy inspector, was sworn in yesterday morning and immediately proceeded to his duties. He visited a dairy northeast of the city and found a seriously crippled cow being milked. She had been severely kicked, and a broken rib was the result. A large abscess had formed at the injury, and the cow was suffering from fever as a consequence. She was ordered under proper care until she recovered, and the dairyman was notified to hrow away the milk until the inspector hould allow its use. An affidavit may be

filed against the man to-day. Don't Want It Near the Curb. Lewis C. Walker and ex-Mayor Denny ap peared before the Board of Works yesterday n behalf of the Second Presbyterian Church to oppose the placing of new walks on Vermont street next to the curb. The church has already built a cement walk and placed it next to the property line in conformity with the orders of the Board of Works, and the representatives thought it would be a hardship to compel them to build an additional walk next to the curb. Dr. Joseph Eastman appeared with the same complaint.

Opening of Marlow Street. A petition was filed with the Board of Works yesterday for the opening of Marlow street, from Hanna street to Arsenal avenue. The property owners want a brick walk on the north side of Lexington ave-nue, from State avenue to Linden street. The petition for a brick walk on the north side of Vine street, from Ash street to College avenue, was granted; also, petition for a cement walk on State avenue, from Washington street to English avenue.

Water Company Refuses to Lay Mains A letter from F. A. W. Davis, of the water company, yesterday, informed the Board of Works that the company objected to laying certain mains that have been ordered, because the revenue to the company would be very small. In answer the board stated that mains must be laid as ordered because the streets are to be permanently improved, and the mains must be laid before the work is begun. No Asphalt on Vermont.

The Board of Works yesterday changed its resolution for cement sidewalks on Kentucky avenue, from Maryland to Louisiana street, by leaving out the square on the south side from Georgia to Louisiana, and then took final action on the resolution. All action was rescinded on the resolution for

asphalt on Vermont street, on account of a petition for a block pavement. Enough Cedar on the Street. F. M. Herron notified the Board of Works yesterday that he was working on a petition for an asphalt pavement on Alabama street, from Fort Wayne avenue to Seventh street, and that he thought a majority of the property owners prefer asphalt to cedar blocks. He will present the petition next Friday, the day set for considering the resolution for

Part of Fifth Street Vacated. The Board of Works took final action yeserday on the resolution to vacate thirty-five

east. Fifth street is not open east of the alley, and the property owner on the north side of the street east of Illinois desired to buy the small strip.

"SMOOTH ROAD" FLAWS. Bicycle Dealers Will Not Be Se

There was a meeting of the retail bicycle dealers of the city at the Hotel Denison last evening. The result of the meeting was the organization of the Indianapolis Cycle Board of Trade, which will be incorporated with a capital stock of \$1,000. The object of the board is for mutual protection and keeping alive of the bicycle in-

Lenient This Year.

By the business transacted last evening it would seem the purpose of the board is chiefly in the interests of the firms composing it, but members have in mind the holding of a bicycle meeting, while one or two of the more enthusiastic hope to see a bicycle race track the property of the board. The discussion last evening concerned the cutting of prices and protection against the cyclists whose wheels "break while riding along on a smooth road." Last season wheels were sold on any kind of terms, many dealers accepting installments without interest. It is probable that some agreement will be reached concerning the payment trade. Dealers are constantly being imposed upon by purchasers who allege "It is," replied Mr. Eldridge, "but I have imposed upon by purchasers who allege flaws in their bicycles. The dealers will not be so lenient this year as they were

The question of closing was considered with the result of an agreement that all with the result of an agreement that all retail stores will close at 6:30 o'clock on all evenings, except Monday and Saturday, during the month of March. After this month the dealers seem to think the business will compel them to remain open day and night. The election resulted in the selection of the following officers: President, L. A. Haines; vice president, George Beck; secretary, George C. Hench; treasurer, Thomas Hay; directors, L. A. Haines, H. T. Hearsey, Frank Staley, L. M. Wainwright, Thomas Hay, George Beck, William Bearing Beaning, George C. Hench and W. T. Barnes. The board adjourned last night to meet at an early day and settle some of the matters which have been discussed informally. formally.

MR. MILLER VINDICATED.

He Insisted Upon a Trial, but the Prosecution Nollied the Indictment.

The case of the State of Ohio against Robert A. Miller came to an abrupt termination vesterday at Canton, O. The indictment against Mr. Miller charged him with embezzling \$15,000 from the Sun Vapor Light Company. When the case was called Prosecutor Bow got the court's attention and made a statement. He said that the indictment had been found upon evidence which he thought would secure a conviction, but a few days ago discoveries were made that left the State no case. In fact, the money was used by Mr. Miller to pay a personal debt, but it was used at the direction of the board of directors, and he left his notes and some collateral tors, and he left his notes and some collateral stock for the money. The State learned this only a few days ago, and insisted that trial on a criminal charge could not be had, and a nolle was asked. The defense, probably for the first time in Ohio, insisted upon a trial, as they wanted Miller placed propenty before the public. The prosecutor made a statement that no indictment would have been found if he had had full knowledge of the case, and insisted upon the nolle. The court thereupon dismissed the action. Two more indictments remain, but they will probably terminate as this one did. The result thus far is a complete vindication for Miller.

Mr. Miller's wife was formerly Louise Igoe, of Indianapolis, and Mr. Miller is well known in this city. He is a brother-in-law of Thos. A. Edison, the electrician.

The Central Christian Revival. A deep interest is manifested in the revival meetings in progress at the Central Christian Church, conducted by Rev. J. E Pounds. The subject last night was "Enoch," which was ably handled. His subject to-night will be "Joseph—A Type of Christ." There will be meetings this afternoon and Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, for the benefit of those who cannot attend the evening services.

On Judge Brown's Bench. Judge Comstock, of the Wayne Circuit Court, is sitting on Judge Brown's bench temporarily. The latter is working in cham-

Business Changes and Removal. The old china and glassware house of Schrader's will not remove for a year at least, and until their spring stock arrives the discount sale will continue, and bargains may be expected in all lines.

\$165 Decker Upright Piano Wulschner's special sale.

The Glens Falls Insurance Co. Has removed from the Lombard Building to suite 311 and 312, Lemcke Building. Carroll L. DeWitt, State Agent.

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